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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III

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Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 01/01/2007 AND ENDING 12/31/2007
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:

OFFICIAL USE ONLY

Oceancross Capital, LLC

FIRM I.D.
NO.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

41-60 Main Street, Suite 203

(No. and Street)

Flushing

New York

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

Justin Chen

(347) 296-8898

(Area Code - Telephone Number)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

Kempisty & Company, Certified Public Accountants, P.C.

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

15 Maiden Lane, Suite 1003

New York

New York

10038

(Address)

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- ☒ Certified Public Accountant
☐ Public Accountant
☐ Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

PROCESSED

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*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 17(a)(2).

SEC 1410 (06-02)

Potential persons who are to respond to the
collection of information contained in this form

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JD
3/8/07

are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Yin Hu, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Oceancross Capital, LLC, as of December 31, 20 07, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

DIERDRE STEINHAUS AINBINDER
Notary Public, State of New York
No. 01A14899711
Qualified in Nassau County
Commission Expires July 6, 20 11

Dierdre Steinhaus Aimbinder
Notary Public


Signature

Managing Member
Title

This report** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- ☒ (a) Facing page.
- ☒ (b) Statement of financial condition.
- ☒ (c) Statement of income (loss).
- ☒ (d) Statement of cash flows.
- ☒ (e) Statement of changes in stockholders' equity or partners' or sole proprietor's capital.
- ☐ (f) Statement of changes in liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors.
- ☒ (g) Computation of net capital for brokers and dealers pursuant to Rule 15c3-1.
- ☐ (h) Computation for determination of reserve requirements pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- ☐ (i) Information relating to the possession or control requirements for broker and dealers under Rule 15c3-3.
- ☐ (j) A reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the computation of net capital under Rule 15c3-1 and the computation for determination of the reserve requirements under exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- ☐ (k) A reconciliation between the audited and unaudited statements of financial condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- ☒ (l) An oath or affirmation.
- ☐ (m) A copy of the SIPC supplemental report.
- ☐ (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

OCEANCROSS CAPITAL, LLC

Financial Statements and Supplemental Schedules

December 31, 2007

(With Independent Auditor's Report Thereon and Supplemental Report on Internal Control Required by Rule 17a-5)

OCEANCROSS CAPITAL, LLC

DECEMBER 31, 2007

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KEMPISTY & COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, P.C.

15 MAIDEN LANE - SUITE 1003 - NEW YORK, NY 10038 - TEL (212) 406-7272 - FAX (212) 513-1930

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Member of
Oceancross Capital, LLC

We have audited the accompanying statement of assets, liabilities and member's equity of Oceancross Capital, LLC as of December 31, 2007 and the related statements of income and expenses, changes in member's equity and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Oceancross Capital, LLC at December 31, 2007 and the results of its' operations and cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedule I is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Kempisty & Company CPAs PC

Kempisty & Company
Certified Public Accountants PC
New York, New York
February 22, 2008

OCEANCROSS CAPITAL, LLC

STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S EQUITY

DECEMBER 31, 2007

ASSETS

Cash	\$ 37,103
Deposits at clearing broker	126,830
Fixed assets (net of accumulated depreciation of \$81)	1,057
Prepaid expenses	<u>2,934</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ <u>167,924</u>

LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S EQUITY

LIABILITIES

Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ <u>10,521</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES	10,521
Commitments and contingent liabilities	-
Member's equity	<u>157,403</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S EQUITY	\$ <u>167,924</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

OCEANCROSS CAPITAL, LLC
STATEMENT OF INCOME AND EXPENSES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

Revenues:

Other income	\$ 35,000
Interest income	<u>1,986</u>
Total Revenue	<u>36,986</u>

Expenses:

Compensation and employee benefits	21,996
Rent	15,303
Professional fees	13,250
Communications	1,243
Office expense and supplies	647
Regulatory fees	210
Depreciation	81
Miscellaneous	<u>533</u>
Total Expenses	<u>53,263</u>

Net loss	\$ <u><u>(16,277)</u></u>
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

OCEANCROSS CAPITAL, LLC

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN MEMBER'S EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

Member's equity at January 1, 2007	\$ -
Net loss	(16,277)
Member contribution	<u>173,680</u>
Member's equity at December 31, 2007	<u>\$ 157,403</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

OCEANCROSS CAPITAL, LLC

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

Increase (Decrease) in cash

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:

Net loss	\$ (16,277)
Depreciation	81
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	
(Increase) in deposits receivable from clearing brokers	(126,830)
(Increase) in prepaid expenses	(2,934)
Increase in accounts payable	<u>10,521</u>
Total adjustments	<u>(119,162)</u>

NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES (135,439)

CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:

Purchase of fixed assets	<u>(1,138)</u>
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CASH USED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES (1,138)

CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:

Member contribution	<u>173,680</u>
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CASH PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES 173,680

NET INCREASE IN CASH 37,103

CASH

Beginning	<u>-</u>
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Ending	<u><u>\$ 37,103</u></u>
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

OCEANCROSS CAPITAL, LLC

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2007**

NOTE 1- ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

Organization

Oceancross Capital, LLC (the "Company"), was formed as a Delaware limited liability company on January 5, 2005 and is registered as a broker-dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and became a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA") on June 15, 2007.

Nature of Business

The Company earns commission income by introducing and forwarding as a securities broker, transactions and customer accounts to another broker-dealer who carries such accounts on a fully disclosed basis.

NOTE 2- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Company is engaged in various investment and brokerage activities in which counterparties primarily include broker-dealers, banks, and other financial institutions. In the event counterparties do not fulfill their obligations, the Company may be exposed to risk. The risk of default depends on the creditworthiness of the counterparty or issuer of the instrument. It is the Company's policy to review, as necessary, the credit standing of each counterparty.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the Company's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying value of financial instruments including cash, receivable from broker dealers and accounts payable, approximates their fair value due to the relatively short-term nature of these instruments.

OCEANCROSS CAPITAL, LLC

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2007

NOTE 2- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

The Company does not expect the adoption of recent accounting pronouncements to have any material impact on its financial condition or results of operations

Comprehensive Income

The Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 130, "Reporting Comprehensive Income" ("SFAS No. 130"). SFAS No. 130 requires an entity to report comprehensive income and its components and increases financial reporting disclosures. This standard has no impact on the Company's financial position, cash flows or results of operations since no elements of the Company's comprehensive income exist other than the loss from operations.

NOTE 3- INCOME TAXES

No provisions for federal and state income taxes are made in the financial statements as these taxes are the responsibility of the member under this form of organization.

NOTE 4- COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company has entered into a sub-lease agreement for office space which expires on January 31, 2011. Remaining commitments under the sub-lease are as follows:

<u>Year ending December 31,</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2008	\$ 30,585
2009	31,502
2010	32,448
2010	2,711
	<u>\$ 97,246</u>

NOTE 5- NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Company is a member of the NASD is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule 15c3-1. This Rule requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital may not exceed 15 to 1, (for the first year of operations the ratio is 8 to 1) and equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1. At December 31, 2007, the Company's net capital was \$152,670 which was \$147,670 in excess of its required net capital of \$5,000. The Company's aggregate indebtedness to net capital ratio was 0.0689 to 1.

OCEANCROSS CAPITAL, LLC

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2007

NOTE 6- EXEMPTION FROM RULE 15c3-3

The Company is exempt from the Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c3-3 and, therefore, is not required to maintain a "Special Reserve Bank Account for the Exclusive Benefit of Customers".

NOTE 7- RECEIVABLE FROM BROKER-DEALERS AND CLEARING ORGANIZATIONS

Amounts receivable from broker-dealers and clearing organizations at December 31, 2007, consist of the following:

	<u>Receivable</u>
Deposit at clearing broker	\$ <u>126,830</u>

NOTE 8- OFF BALANCE SHEET RISK

Pursuant to a clearance agreement, the Company introduces all of its securities transactions to its sole clearing broker on a fully disclosed basis. Therefore, all of the customers' money balances and long and short security positions are carried on the books of the clearing broker. Under certain conditions as defined in the clearance agreement, the Company has agreed to indemnify the clearing broker for losses, if any, which the clearing broker may sustain from carrying securities transactions introduced by the Company. In accordance with industry practice and regulatory requirements, the Company and the clearing broker monitor collateral on the securities transactions introduced by the Company.

NOTE 9- GUARANTEES

FASB Interpretation No. 45 (FIN 45), Guarantor's Accounting and Disclosure Requirements for Guarantees, Including Indirect Guarantees of Indebtedness of Others, requires the Company to disclose information about its obligations under certain guarantee arrangements. FIN 45 defines guarantees as contracts and indemnification agreements that contingently require a guarantor to make payments to the guaranteed party based on changes in an underlying (such as an interest or foreign exchange rate, security or commodity price, an index or the occurrence or non occurrence of a specified event) related to an asset, liability or equity security of a guaranteed party. FIN 45 also defines guarantees as contracts that contingently require the guarantor to make payments to the guaranteed party based on another entity's failure to perform under an agreement as well as indirect guarantees of the indebtedness of others.

OCEANCROSS CAPITAL, LLC

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2007

NOTE 10- GUARANTEES (continued)

Indemnifications

In the normal course of its business, the Company indemnifies and guarantees certain service providers, such as clearing and custody agents, trustees and administrators, against specified potential losses in connection with their acting as an agent of, or providing services to, the Company or its affiliates. The maximum potential amount of future payments that the Company could be required to make under the indemnifications cannot be estimated. However, the Company believes that it is unlikely it will have to make material payments under these arrangements and has not recorded any contingent liability in the financial statements for these indemnifications.

The Company provides representations and warranties to counterparties in connection with a variety of commercial transactions and occasionally indemnifies them against potential losses caused by the breach of those representations and warranties. The Company may also provide standard indemnifications to some counterparties to protect them in the event additional taxes are owed or payments are withheld, due either to a change in or adverse application of certain tax laws. These indemnifications generally are standard contractual terms and are entered into in the normal course of business. The maximum potential amount of future payments that the Company could be required to make under these indemnifications cannot be estimated. However, the Company believes that it is unlikely it will have to make material payments under these arrangements and has not recorded any contingent liability in the consolidated financial statements for these indemnifications.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PURSUANT TO RULE 17a-5
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

OCEANCROSS CAPITAL, LLC

**SCHEDULE I
COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-1 OF THE
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
DECEMBER 31, 2007**

NET CAPITAL:		
Member's equity		\$ 157,403
Less non allowable assets:		
Fixed assets, net	1,057	
Prepaid expenses	<u>2,934</u>	3,991
Haircut - Charles Schwab Money Market		<u>742</u>
NET CAPITAL		\$ <u><u>152,670</u></u>
AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS, total liabilities		\$ <u><u>10,521</u></u>
MINIMUM NET CAPITAL REQUIRED (12.5% of aggregate indebtedness)		\$ <u><u>1,315</u></u>
MINIMUM NET CAPITAL DOLLAR REQUIREMENT		\$ <u><u>5,000</u></u>
MINIMUM NET CAPITAL REQUIRED		\$ <u><u>5,000</u></u>
EXCESS NET CAPITAL (\$152,670 - \$5,000)		\$ <u><u>147,670</u></u>
PERCENTAGE OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS TO	\$ <u>10,521</u>	
NET CAPITAL	\$ <u>152,670</u>	<u><u>6.89%</u></u>

There are no material differences between the above computation and the computation included in the Company's corresponding unaudited Form X-17A-5 PartIIA filing.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PURSUANT TO RULE 17a-5
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

KEMPISTY & COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, P.C.

15 MAIDEN LANE - SUITE 1003 - NEW YORK, NY 10038 - TEL (212) 406-7272 - FAX (212) 513-1930

The Member of
Oceancross Capital, LLC

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Oceancross Capital, LLC (the Company), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2007 in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities; we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits, and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Oceancross Capital, LLC

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2007, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA") and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5 (g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Kempisty & Company CPAs PC

Kempisty & Company
Certified Public Accountants PC
New York, New York
February 22, 2008

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